

SIN

Origin of Sin

1. NOT GOD - Job 34:10; Deuteronomy 32:4; James 1:13
2. “To err is human...?” Has it always been this way?
 - a. Is sin a ‘natural’ part of being human? What is the view of the evolutionist religion?
3. Read Genesis 3:1-6. The origin of sin is.....

Definition of Sin a helpful definition from Louis Berkhof:

“Sin is a lack of conformity to the moral law of God, either in act, disposition, or state.”

-Who decides what sin is? (See HC #3-4; Genesis 3:1,3)

Essential Nature of Sin

1. 1 John 3:4 _____
2. Psalm 32:1,2 _____
3. Romans 1:18 _____

Sin’s Disastrous Effects

1. Puts us in a state of GUILT (Romans 5:18-19) Can you illustrate this from Genesis 3?
2. POLLUTION. (Jeremiah 17:9; Romans 7:18) We are prone to sin—in all aspects of our being; “total depravity” or “total inability”
 - a. Sin is omission and commission
 - b. Sin is from the heart (Matthew 15:19)
3. MISERY-in divine judgments, earthquakes, wars, addictions, etc. Exodus 32:34-35; Joshua 7; Luke 13:2-5
4. UNIVERSAL—the common ground that every human has with every other human is ‘S’-‘I’-‘N’.
(Psalm 143:2; Romans 3:12; 1 John 1:8)
5. DEATH-
 - a. Physical- Genesis 3:19
 - b. Spiritual- Genesis 3:10, 24
 - c. Eternal- Revelation 14:11

SALVATION from Sin

1. From which sins do we need to be saved?
 - a. The ‘mortal’ ones? Was the first sin ever a ‘mortal’ or a ‘venial’ one? Was it really such a ‘grave’ and serious matter?
 - b. Do we need to change our state of guilt AND our pollution of heart? How?
2. Read 2 Corinthians 5:18-21.