

Revelation Study
Vision 5
The Marriage of the Lamb
Revelation 19:1-10

- I. The Hallelujahs (1-6)
 - A. Hallelujah of salvation and judgment (1-2)
 - B. Hallelujah of judgment of Babylon (3)
 - C. Hallelujah of worshipful agreement (4)
 - D. Hallelujah of God's sovereign reign (5-6)
- II. The Marriage of the Lamb (7-8)
 - A. Joy and gladness
 - B. Glory to God
 - C. For? The marriage of the Lamb has come!
 - 1. His bride has made herself ready (overcome, persevered)
 - 2. What is her gift?
 - a. Clothed in fine linen
 - b. Bright and clean
 - c. "The righteous acts of the saints"
 - d. How the Christian lives matters
- III. Blessed Are Those Invited (9)
 - A. Interesting verb – used 148 times in the Greek NT
 - 1. Most common English translation: called
 - 2. Second most common: invited
 - 3. Also, can mean: summoned
 - 4. Matthew 22:2-14
 - B. This version: keklēmenoi
 - 1. Perfect tense: an action completed in the past, with an emphasis on the current state of affairs in the present because of that past action

- 2. Rarely used in the NT – so it is significant when it is
 - 3. Also – passive: meaning the action is done to someone, not by someone
 - C. Blessed are those who received an invitation (and by the gift of righteous robes accepted) to the marriage supper of the Lamb
 - 1. IMPORTANT NOTE – The order is significant here
 - 2. The bride is first prepared (given to the bridegroom)
 - 3. Then they have the marriage supper
 - 4. Jewish marriage tradition: after the giving of vows and the blessing of the bride and groom, everyone sat down together to celebrate the wedding at a feast
- IV. The Spirit of Prophecy (10)
 - A. Be careful who/what you worship
 - B. "Just a fellow servant"
 - C. What is the "spirit of prophecy?" – the testimony of Jesus!
 - 1. It unifies believers
 - 2. It is one of the main themes of the Revelation